

Preventing the extinction of the Dinaric-SE Alpine lynx population through reinforcement and long-term conservation



Annual evaluation of indicators for assessing impacts of project actions on local economy and communities and on ecosystem functions

2019 Assessment

Action D5: Assessment of socio-economic impacts of the project actions on local economy and communities

Action D6: Assessment of project's impacts on ecosystem functions

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Introduction

To identify and develop suitable indicators we used a participatory and reiterative process involving the members of project team discussing both our needs and practical realities such as availability of the data. Initial proposal was developed at the University of Ljubljana and was than discussed over two project team meetings. The plan is to carry out assessment repeatedly, for most indices on a yearly basis. The project team agreed also on methods by choosing the most suitable quantification tools to monitor and evaluate the chosen indices.

Assessment of socio-economic impacts and ecosystem services assessment, although carried out separately, are complementary as both connect directly to LIFE Lynx project objectives. Moreover, the concept of ecosystem condition is strongly linked to human well-being through ecosystem services. The main concept of ecosystem services is based on the general notion that ecosystems need to be in good condition to provide multiple ecosystems services. Therefore, we assess and report both together.

To develop indices to assess project's impacts on ecosystem functions we used analytical framework developed under the EU Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services (MAES) initiative and "Assessing ecosystems and their services in LIFE projects – A guide for beneficiaries".

Assessment results can help explain better to the public and stakeholders the multiple benefits of the project and its connection not only to reaching biodiversity conservation goals but also to society and the economy with which they directly interface. As such assessment results facilitate transparent information sharing thus creating an important added value to the project.

Assessment of socio-economic indicators

Measuring, evaluating and clearly demonstrating the impacts of conservation interventions to socio-economic environment is critical for management, accountability, and lesson learning. This is particularly important for project with substantial share of community-engaging activities or have potential to impact local livelihoods and quality of life in either positive or negative ways. LIFE Lynx project includes both elements – community-based approach to maintain high public acceptance of lynx, activities that have the potential to provide positive impacts to local livelihoods (e.g., tourism and education related activities) and lastly also increasing the number of lynx which can potentially cause damages to livestock thus negatively affecting local livelihoods.

Through assessment of socio-economic indicators LIFE Lynx project attempts to answer how the project activities have impacted social constructs and issues such as how has the project engaged public and especially key target groups (e.g., hunters, schools, farmers, public, scientific community), how has the project impacted governance systems, has it created new jobs or otherwise impacted the wellbeing of local communities.



Table 1: Second yearly assessment of the economic and social indicators for the project LIFE Lynx.

INDICATOR	MEASUREMENT UNIT	METHOD	CORE RELEVANT ACTIONS	BASELINE 2017	2018	2019
ECONOMIC INDICATORS						
Number of livestock killed by lynx per		compensation claim				
year (DSEA)	no. attacks	register, count	C9	7	1	1
Fear of financial damage due to lynx	% of agreement to the statement "I am afraid that increased lynx presence would cause me financial					
presence	damage"	project database, count	A7, D4	-	-	3.20%
Number of farms using electric fencing at pastures	no. farms	SFS PLI database, count	C9	41	57	51
Number of "painting workshop" products sold	no. products sold	project database, count	C11	-	-	6
	Income in € based on estimated spending of 80 EUR per day for					
Estimated revenue from tourism activities	overnight visitors and 20 EUR for day users	estimate	C11	-	-	3340
Number of visitors and tourists taking guided walks/workshops linked to lynx or the project (market uptake)	cumulative no. customers	project database, count	C11			14



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		FTE calculated as 220 8-hour working days per year (Initial situation calculated as FTE annually working as permanent employees for the project beneficiaries on lynxrelated topics when				
		project starts), project				
Jobs created ¹	Full time equivalent	financial reporting	all actions	3.83	8.99	19
SOCIAL INDICATORS						
Number of physical planners involved						
in training seminar	no. of experts	project database, count	C7	-	-	43
Number of project team members	No. project team					
involved in communication training	members	project database, count	A8, E5	-	20	48
Number of damage inspectors educated	no. of damage inspectors that participated in education	project database, count	C9	0	0	8
	no. of tourism and					
Number of representatives of tourism	protected areas					
sector and protected areas educated	representatives	project database, count	C11	-	0	-
Number of participants/visitors at public events organized by the project	cumulative no. people present	project database, count, can include estimates for larger events for general public	all actions	-	580	2485

¹ Volunteers and public servants employed by the project beneficiaries are not included in the statistics.



	cumulative number of					
Number of news entries published on	news entries / page	count, web page				
lifelynx.eu	posts	dashboard	all actions	-	56	616
Number of single visitors to the	cumulative no.					
website	visitors	count, Google Analytics	E6	-	8240	34452
		count, Facebook				
Number of subscribers to the	cumulative no.	accounts (LIFE Lynx and				
Facebook	Subscribers	HR field blog)	E6	-	2200	8650
Number of events with screening						
/number of public broadcasts for	cumulative no. of					
video materials (film)	broadcasts /shows	project database, count	E3	-	14	52
Number of views of project video	cumulative no. of					
materials	views	project database, count	???			248347
	cumulative no. events					
Number of public events organised	organised	project database, count	all actions	-	16	57
Number of local inhabitants	cumulative no.					
participating in the LCG meetings	participants	project database, count	E1	-	30	181
Number of publications concerning						
lynx and project activities (leaflets,						
brochures, reports, guidelines etc.)						
produced, editions in different	cumulative no.	project web page				
languages are reported separately	publications produced	depository, count	A5, E1, E4, E6	-	11	33
Number of national management						
documents adopted by state	cumulative no.	national legislation				
authorities	adopted documents	depositories	A5	3	0	0
		project media clipping				
		database, count				
		(baseline includes				
Number of articles or spots in the		articles published				
media concerning lynx and	cumulative no.	before the start of the				
mentioning the project	articles and spots	project)	D4	2	129	354



Number of schools involved in lynx	cumulative no.					
related activities	schools	project database, count	E4	-	0	17
		project database,				
Number of children and adolescents		count, can include				
involved in lynx related schools'	cumulative no. people	estimates for larger				
activities	present	events	E4	-	0	126
Number of school teachers involved in	cumulative no. people					
lynx project	present	project database, count	E4	-	0	22
Number of independent events	cumulative no. events					
attended by project team members	attended	project database, count	E5, all actions	-	45	119
Cumulative number of participants at						
workshops for preparation of national	cumulative no. people					
management documents	present	project database, count	A5	-	NA	NA
	cumulative no. of					
	hunting organizations					
	involved in					
	reinforcement and					
Hunter involvement	monitoring	project database, count	A3, C3, C4,	-	93	302
Number of public and private	cumulative no. of					
organisations (or projects) which are	organisations /					
not partners being involved	projects	project database, count	E5	-	34	133
Public support to maintaining lynx in						
SI/HR/IT (DSEA)	% favourable replies	project database, count	A7, D4	-	-	85.7
Public support to bringing new lynx to						
SI/HR/IT (DSEA)	% favourable replies	project database, count	A7, D4	-	-	73.9
Number of popular articles written by	cumulative no. of					
project team members	articles	project database, count	all actions	-	15	26
	no. of local					
	management plans					
Number of game management plans	amended due to					
adjusted to ensure prey	project	project database, count	C10	0	0	NA
Number of registered users of the geo	cumulative no. of					
database	users	geodatabase, count	C6	-	0	0



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Number of lynx data points in geo	cumulative no. of					
database	data points	geodatabase, count	C6	-	0	0
	cumulative no. of					
Number of police inspectors trained	trained police	project database, count	C8	0	0	25
Contribution to science (published						
papers, presentations at scientific	cumulative no. of					
conferences)	contributions	project database, count	all actions	-	0	8
		project financial				
		reporting data, FTE				
	cumulative share of	calculated as 220 8-				
	female FTE in the	hour working days per				
Gender representation	project team	year	all actions	-	49.80%	50,71%
		project financial				
		reporting data,				
		personnel expenses,				
	cumulative share of	FTE calculated as 220 8-				
	female € earned the	hour working days per				
Gender representation	project team	year	all actions	-	47.62%	50,54%



Assessment of biological and ecological indicators

Main concepts

Ecosystem services include all contributions of the ecosystems and all their parts towards benefits in various human activities. Typically, ecosystem services are categorised into three main groups: (1) provisioning services (e.g. timber, food); (2) regulating and maintenance services (e.g. water purification), and (3) Cultural services such as recreation, tourism, education.

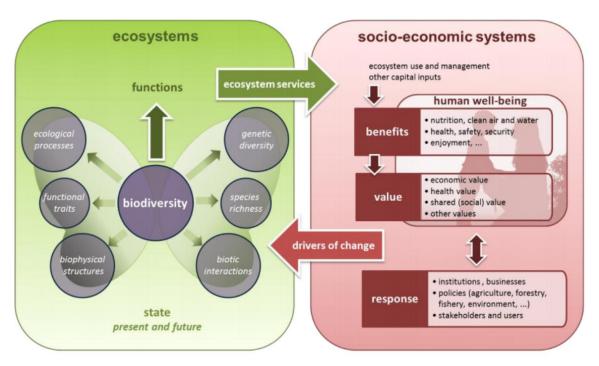


Figure 1: MAES Framework (from "Assessing ecosystems and their services in LIFE projects").

LIFE Lynx assessment

According to MAES analytical framework LIFE Lynx project deals mainly with the "forest and woodland" ecosystem type. Following the analysis of human-environment systems we found that many of the challenges of Eurasian lynx conservation that are being address through the project are also linked with other terrestrial and more human-dominated ecosystem types such as urban, grassland and cropland ecosystem types.



Table 2: Second yearly assessment of biological and ecological indicators

INDICATOR	MEASUREMENT UNIT	METHOD	CORE RELEVANT ACTIONS	BASELINE 2017	2018	2019
BIOLOGICAL AND ECOLOGICAL INDICATORS						
Number of threatened species	Number of individuals in the Dinaric-SE Alpine lynx population (DSEA)	estimate	C5	60	NA	72-82
Number of functional lynx territories	Territory occupied by male and a female (DSEA)	confirmed through genetics & camera trapping	C5	15	NA	19-20
Number of lynx reproductions	Number of annually confirmed reproductions (DSEA)	confirmed through genetics, snow tracking, direct litter observations (females on telemetry) & camera trapping	C5	5	NA	15
Distribution (DSEA)	km2	confirmed through genetics, snow tracking & camera trapping		6000		8850
Effective population size	no.	estimated using genetics	C5	NA	-	13.4
Inbreeding	Inbreeding coefficient	estimated using genetics	C5	0.3	-	0.316



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Number of successfully translocated	Number of					
animals	translocated lynx	count	C3, C4	-	0	2
		Found litters through				
		telemetry (females),				
		documented using				
Number of documented breeding	number of breeding	genetics (pedigree				_
events of the translocated animals	events	reconstruction)	C5	NA	0	1
		count (no. of detected				
		individuals) and spatial				
Minimum number of lynx in the	number of different	capture-recapture				
captures area in Slovakia	animals	estimates	A1	NA		13
Minimum number of lynx in the	number of different	count (no. of detected				
captures area in Romania	animals	individuals)	A2	-		10
		confirmed through				
		genetics, snow				
		tracking, direct litter				
		observations (females				
Number of breeding events in the	number of confirmed	on telemetry) &				
steppingstone area	breeding events	camera trapping	C5	-	0	0
No. contract of the contract o	cumulative number of					
Number of genetic samples collected	collected genetic	count			100	281
in the project	samples cumulative number of	count		<u>-</u>	100	201
Health status of lynx	examined dead lynx	count	C5	_	0	4
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Sources

Assessing ecosystems and their services in LIFE projects – A guide for beneficiaries http://ec.europa.eu/environment/life/toolkit/pmtools/life2014_2020/documents/life_ecosy stem_services_guidance.pdf

Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services (MAES) - http://catalogue.biodiversity.europa.eu/uploads/document/file/1673/5th_MAES_report.pdf